## Charleston Lily <br> A Marie Bostwick \& Studio 180 Design Collaboration



## Charleston Lily

Companion Pattern for Studio 180 Design's Wing Clipper ${ }^{\circledR}$ I

This project is designed to go along with Marie Bostwick's Book The Restoration of Celia Fairchild, with a nod to beautiful Charleston, South Carolina, a key location in the novel. You will create your Carolina Lily blocks using my "No Y Seam Carolina Lily" technique. You can practice the technique on this great small project and end up with a unique and fun table runner.

## Fabric Requirements

Based on $40^{\prime \prime}$ of usable fabric with few cutting errors.

| Fabric | Yardage |
| :--- | :--- |
| Medium Scraps | 12 pieces at least $3^{\prime \prime} \times 20^{\prime \prime}$ each |
| Dark | $1 / 2$ yard |
| Light (Background) | $3 / 4$ yard |
| Multi | $3 / 8$ yard |
| Outer Border \& Binding | 1 yard |
| Backing | $11 / 2$ yards pieced (or $11 / 8$ yards unpieced) |

It is recommended that you read through the instructions to familiarize yourself with the steps before you begin, and, of course, that you use your best skills when cutting, sewing, and pressing.

We'll start with the summary of the units you will need to create for this quilt.

## Unit Summary

## Flying Geese

$1 \frac{1}{2}$ " $\times 3$ " finished ( $2^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 2 "$ unfinished)
Make 12 sets of 4
Medium Scraps, Dark, \& Light

## Flower Center

$3^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{\prime \prime}$ finished ( $3^{1 / 2 "} \times 3^{1 / 2 "}$ unfinished)
Make 12
Medium Scraps \& Dark

## Cutting Instructions

Note: wof stands for width of fabric.

| Fabric | Piece | Cutting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Medium Scraps | Flying Geese Small Squares | Cut 36 squares $2 \frac{1}{2} 2^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{11 / 2 " . ~ C u t ~ i n ~ s e t s ~ o f ~} 3$ squares to create a total of 12 sets of matching petals. |
|  | Squares | Cut 12 squares $21 / 4^{\prime \prime} \times 2^{1 / 4}$ ", one to match each of the 12 sets of 3 Flying Geese squares. |
|  | Rectangles | Cut 12 rectangles $21 / 4$ " $\times 33 / 4$ ", one to match each of the 12 sets of 3 Flying Geese squares. |


| Fabric | Piece | Cutting |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Dark | Flying Geese Small Squares | Cut 12 squares $2^{1 / 2} 2^{\prime \prime} \times 2{ }^{1 / 2}$ ". |
|  | Squares | Cut 12 squares $21 / 4$ " x $21 / 4$ ". |
|  | Bias Strips | Cut 1 strip $8 \frac{1}{2}$ " x wof; sub-cut into $11 / 4$ " bias strips as shown in step 14. |
| Light (Background) | Flying Geese Large Squares | Cut 2 strips $41 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times$ wof; sub-cut into 12 squares $41 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{1}{2}$ ". |
|  | Corner Squares | Cut 3 strips 2" x wof; sub-cut into 48 squares $2^{\prime \prime} \times 2$ ". |
|  | Triangles | Cut 1 strip 51/4"x wof. |
| Multi | Setting Triangles | Cut 1 strip 51/4"x wof. |
| Outer Border | Outer Border | Cut 4 strips 21/2" x wof. |
|  | Binding | Using prefered method, cut $21 / 4$ " strips and piece to make 160 " of binding. |

When cutting your medium scraps, if you want flowers that have all the same fabric in them, you need to cut 3 squares $21 / 2$ " $\times 21 / 2 ", 1$ square $21 / 4 " \times 21 / 4$ " and 1 rectangle $21 / 4 " \times 33 / 4 "$ for each flower. Once cut, make sure that the same fabrics stay grouped together when making the flying geese and flower center.

## Piecing Instructions

## Flying Geese Construction

Note: For more information and left handed cutting and trimming directions, refer to the instructions that came with your Wing Clipper ${ }^{\circledR}$ I tool.

Step 1 - Mark the squares. Begin with one large Light square $41 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 4 \frac{1}{2}$ ", one small Dark square $21 / 2 " \times 2 \frac{1}{2}$ ", and three small Medium squares $21 /{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 21 / 2^{\prime \prime}$. Mark stitching lines on the wrong side of each small square. Use the Quilter's Magic Wand ${ }^{\text {m" }}$ and mark $1 / 4$ " away from the center diagonal.
Step 2 - Position one Medium and one Dark square right sides together in opposite diagonal corners of the large square.
Nudge the small squares in toward the center a few threads from the edge of the large square.
Step 3 - Stitch on the two marked lines, then cut between the stitching lines along the center diagonal of the squares. Press your seams toward the small triangles.


Steps 1 to 3 - Mark, Position, Stitch, Cut, and Press
Step 4 - Position the remaining two matching Medium squares on each corner of your pieced units. Nudge these squares a few threads in from the edge of the large triangle.
Step 5 - Stitch along the two marked lines.
Step 6 - Cut between the stitched lines along the center diagonal of the small squares and press toward the small triangle.


Steps 4 to 6 - Position, Stitch, Cut, and Press

Step 7 - Trim the Flying Geese. Position your Wing Clipper ${ }^{\circledR}$ I over your unit, aligning the diagonal guidelines of the tool with the seams of your unit, and trim each unit to measure $2^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{1 / 2}$. Rotate the unit $180^{\circ}$ and align the $2^{\prime \prime} \times 3^{1 / 2}$ " horizontal and vertical guide lines with the edges of the unit. Align the " X " on the Wing Clipper ${ }^{\bullet} \mathrm{I}$ with the seam intersection of your unit and trim again.


Step 7 - Trim, Rotate, and Trim Again

## Flower Center Construction

Step 8 - Piece the flower centers. Stitch together a Medium and a Dark $21 / 4$ " x $211 / 4$ " square. Press the seam open. Do this for all 12 Medium and Dark squares. Following the layout diagram, position a $21 / 4$ " x $33 / 4$ " matching Medium rectangle to each section. Press toward the rectangle. Repeat to make 12 flower centers.
Step 9 - Trim the flower center to $31 / 2^{\prime \prime} \times 31 / 2 "$ using the Four Patch Square Up ${ }^{\otimes}$ tool or a regular ruler. If using the Four Patch Square Up ${ }^{\oplus}$ tool, position the bullseye for a 3" finished unit in the center and align the dashed vertical and horizontal lines with the seams. If using a regular ruler, position the $13 / 4$ " line on both sides of the ruler on the seams. Make sure the intersection of the two $13 / 4$ " lines is in the center of the unit.


Step 8 - Stitch


Four Patch Square Up ${ }^{\text {e }}$


Regular Ruler

Step 9 - Trim
Step 10 - Trim the two sides. Rotate and realign the same lines. Also, make sure that the $31 / 2$ " clean up lines or ruler lines are on the edge that you just trimmed.


Four Patch Square Up ${ }^{\text {e }}$


Regular Ruler

Step 10 - Trim

Step 11 - Assemble the flowers. Use one set of Flying Geese units, one matching flower center, and four 2" Light squares. Lay out the pieces as shown and stitch. Carefully press as indicated by the arrows. Repeat until you have 12 flower units.


Step 11 - Stitch and Press

## Cutting Triangles

Step 12 - Lay out the $5 \frac{1}{4}$ " Light strip right side up and open on your cutting mat. Position the $71 / 2 "$ line of the Tucker Trimmer ${ }^{\bullet}$ III on the edge of the fabric and cut up one side and down the other. Rotate the Tucker Trimmer ${ }^{\bullet}$ III and place the $71 / 2$ " line along the top of the strip and the edge of the tool along the edge just cut and cut again. Continue rotating and cutting until you have 4 triangles from the strip. Repeat for the multi fabric, cutting 6 triangles from the strip.


Note: If you do not have a Tucker Trimmer III, you can use an 8 " or larger regular square ruler. Just place the two marks for $71 / 2$ " on the bottom edge of the strip as shown.


Step 12 - Position and Cut
Step 13 - Assemble the blocks. Lay out the pieces as shown in the diagram. Stitch the block together using $1 / 4$ " seams. Note that your blocks will not be square, and there will be extra fabric hanging over as the triangles are oversized, do not worry about that at this time.

Step 14 - Make the bias stems. Use the $11 /{ }^{\prime \prime} \times 12^{\prime \prime}$ bias strips to make the flower stems. I like to use the metal Bias Bars by Celtic Designs, but there are others available. You can also simply fold the strips into thirds and press well. The bias stems should measure approximately $1 / 4$ " wide when pressed. 12 stems are required.


Step 13 - Stitch


Step 14 - Cut Bias Strips

Step 15 - Carefully remove a few stitches from the flower seam lines indicated by the heavy lines in the diagram and insert a stem into the base of each flower. Machine stitch the seam closed, locking the stems into position.
Step 16 - Pin or lightly glue the stems into position as shown.
Step 17 - Appliqué the stems. Permanently anchor the stems using either a hand or machine appliqué stitch. Repeat steps 13-17 to create a total of 4 blocks.


Step 15 - Remove Stitches


Steps 16 \& 17 - Pin and Appliqué

Step 18 - Lay out the blocks and setting triangles as shown. Stitch the oversized setting triangles to the blocks. Stitch them to the block they are shown next to in the diagram using a $1 / 4$ " seam.


Step 18 - Lay out and Stitch
Step 19 - Sew the 4 sections together matching the intersections as you go.


Step 19 - Stitch

Step 20 - Trim the long edges of the table runner so that the edge is $1 / 4$ " away from the seam intersections.


Step 20 - Trim
Step 21 - Attach the side borders to the project. Cut one strip in half on the fold and stitch it to a width of fabric strip. Make two. Sew the strips to the long sides of the table runner and press toward the border.


## Step 21 - Stitch and Press

Step 22 - Trim the ends of the strips so that they are angled as shown, so that it is easy to add your next strips.
Step 23 - Cut the remaining border strips in half on the fold. Stitch a strip to the longer side of the pointed end of the runner, press toward the border strip. Trim the strip even with the $90^{\circ}$ corner and then stitch a strip to the other side.


Step 22 - Trim


Step 23 - Stitch, Press, Stitch, and Press Again

Step 24 - Trim the strips even with the edges of the border as shown.
Step 25 - Finish with batting, backing, quilting, and binding! Layer quilt top with batting and backing. Baste and quilt. Bind and Enjoy!


Step 24 - Trim

We hope you have enjoyed making your own version of Charleston Lily, and we hope you consider sharing a photo of your project either on Instagram (\#CharlestonLilyPattern180) or on our Gallery page! To see other tools and patterns designed by the Studio 180 Design team, please visit our website:
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